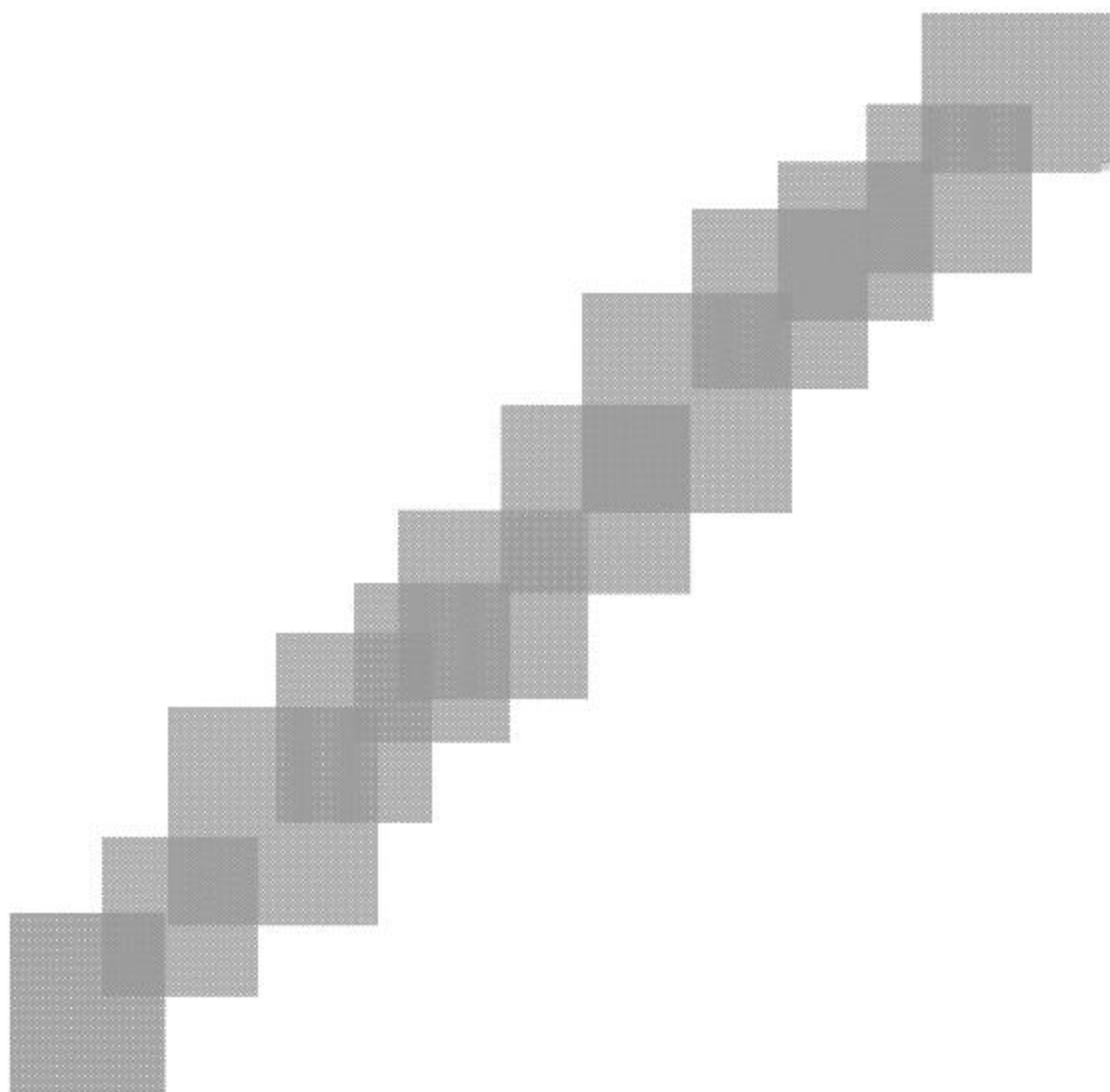

RDA1846S Programming Guide



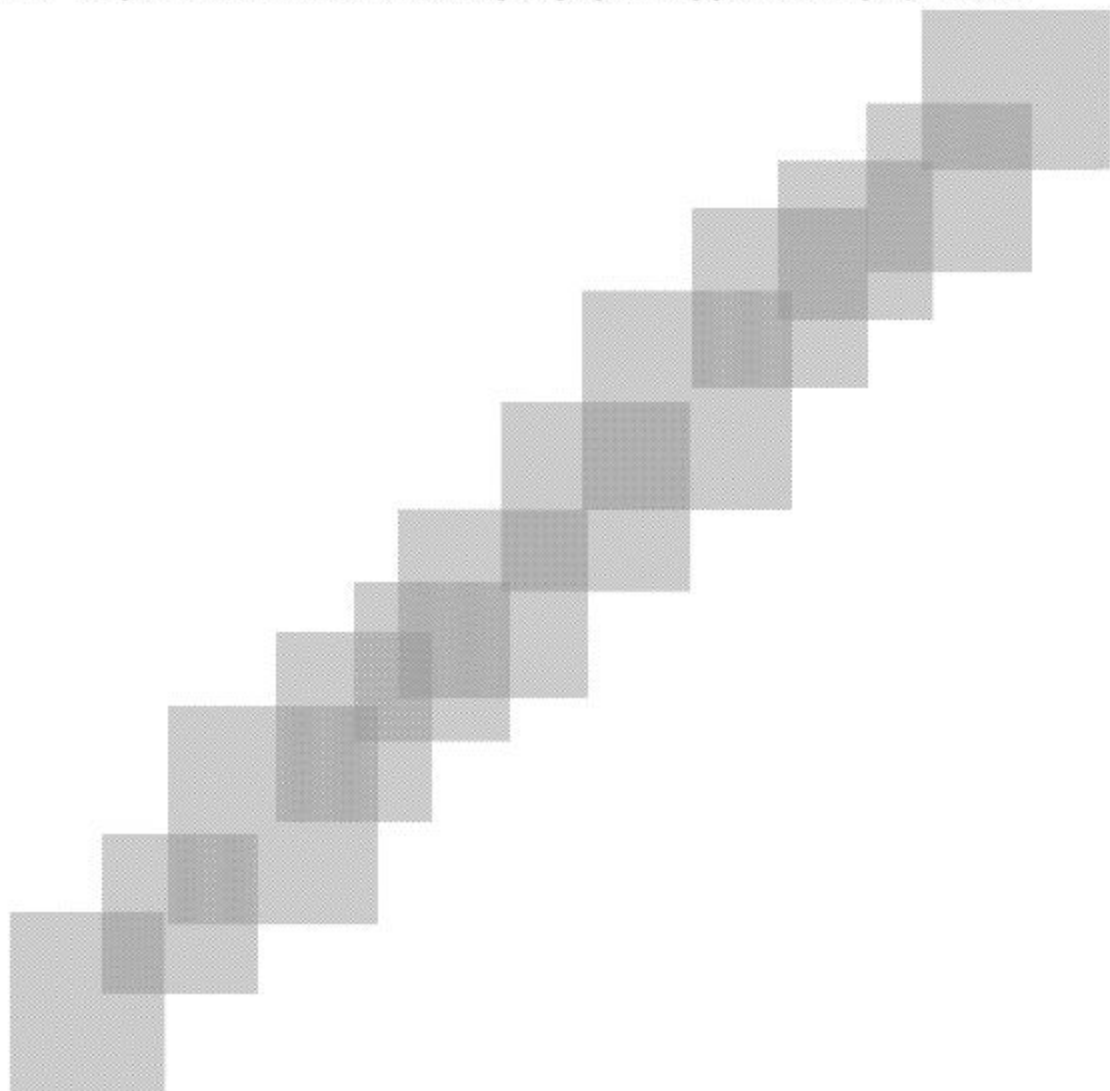
Contents

Document overview.....	4
Doc. A: Interface.....	5
1. I2C Interface.....	5.
2 Three-wireSPIinterface.....	7.
Doc. B: Programming guide.....	9
1. Setting RF Frequency.....	9.
2. Reference Clock.....	9.
3. Setting Tx and Rx.....	9.
4. Deep Sleep.....	10.
5. TX Voice Channel Select.....	10.
6. TX PA_bias output Voltage.....	10.
7. Subaudio.....	10.
8. SQ.....	12.
9. VOX.....	13.
10. DTMF.....	13.
11. Tx FM Deviation.....	16.
12. Rx Voice Volume.....	16.
13. TX and RX code.....	16.
14. GPIO.....	16.
15. INT.....	17.

16. Filter.....	18.
17. Only read register.....	19.
18. Flag.....	19.
19. PLL Lock Detection.....	19.
20. LDO.....	20.
21. Initial process.....	20.
22. Register introduction.....	20.
Change List.....	24
Disclaimer.....	25

Document overview

This programming guide has been restructured from previous revisions for clarity. This contains two documents for interface and programmer separately. Interface document contains I2C interface and 3 wire SPI interface .Programmer document contains a complete programming guide for using any interface.



Doc. A: Interface

RDA1846S each register write is 24-bit long, including a r/\bar{w} bit, 7-bit register address, and 16-bit data (MSB is the first bit).



Note

If register address is more than 7FH, first write 0x0001 to 7FH, and then write value to the address subtracted by 80H. Finally write 0x0000 to 7FH

Example: writing 85H register address is 0x001F.

Move 7FH 0x0001;

Move 05H 0x001F; 05H=85H-80H

Move 7FH 0x0000;

1. I2C Interface

RDA1846S enable software programming through I2C interface. Software controls chip working states, For example: Txon or Rxon operation, and reads status register to get operation result through I2C interface.

It includes two pins: SCLK and SDIO.

A I2C interface transfer begins with START condition, a command byte and data bytes, each byte has a followed ACK (or NACK) bit, and ends with STOP condition. The command byte includes a 7-bit chip address and a r/\bar{w} bit. The 7-bit chip address is 7'b0101110 when SEN is high, or is 7'b1110001 when SEN is low. The ACK (or NACK) is always sent out by receiver. When in write transfer, data bytes is written out from MCU, and when in read transfer, data bytes is read out from RDA1846S.

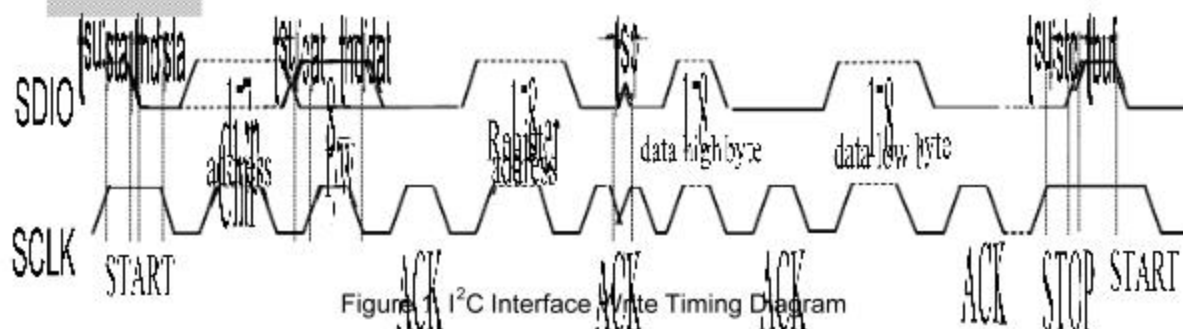


Figure 1 I²C Interface Write Timing Diagram

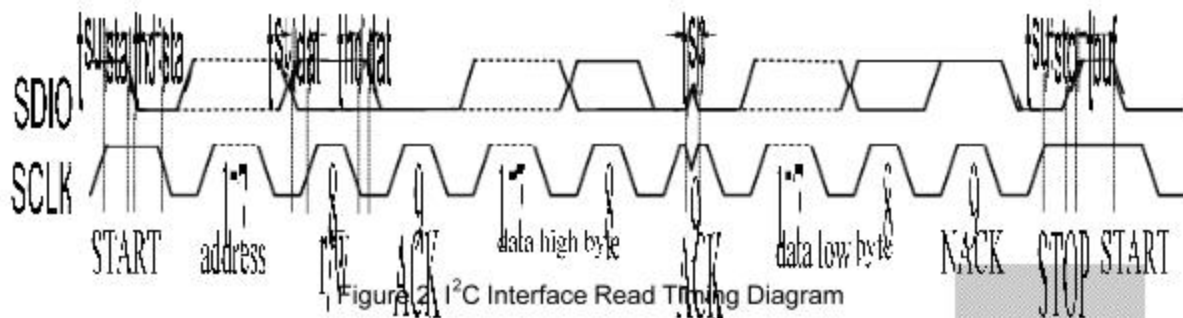
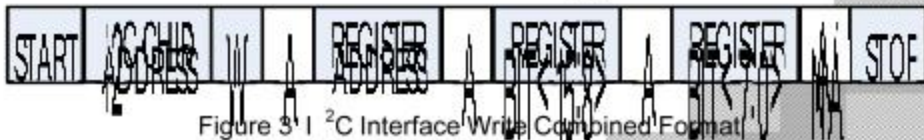
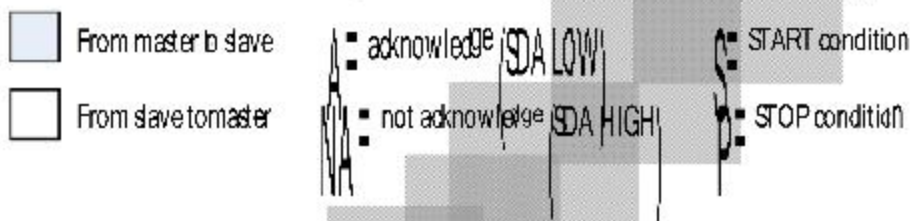
Figure 2. I²C Interface Read Timing DiagramFigure 3. I²C Interface Write Combined FormatFigure 4. I²C Interface Read Combined Format

Table 2. I2C Timing Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SCLK Frequency	f_{scl}	0		-	400	KHz
SCLK High Time	t_{high}	0.6		-	-	μ s
SCLK Low Time	t_{low}	1.3		-	-	μ s
Setup Time for START Condition	$t_{su:sta}$	0.6		-	-	μ s
Hold Time for START Condition	$t_{hd:sta}$	0.6		-	-	μ s
Setup Time for STOP Condition	$t_{su:sto}$	0.6		-	-	μ s
SDIO Input to SCLK \uparrow Setup	$t_{su:dat}$	100		-	-	ns
SDIO Input to SCLK \downarrow Hold	$t_{hd:dat}$	0		-	900	ns
STOP to START Time	t_{buf}	1.3		-	-	μ s
SDIO Output Fall Time	$t_{f,out}$	20+0.1C	b	-250		ns
SDIO Input, SCLK Rise/Fall Time	$t_{r,in} / t_{f,in}$	20+0.1C	b	-300		ns
Input Spike Suppression	t_{sp}	-		-	50	ns
SCLK, SDIO Capacitive Loading	C_b	-		-	50	pF
Digital Input Pin Capacitance					5	pF

2 Three- wire SPI interface

RDA1846S enable software programming through three-wire(SPI) interface. Software controls chip working states, For example: Txon or Rxon operation, and reads status register to get operation result through three-wire interface.

Three-wire interface is slave interface. It includes three pins: $\overline{\text{SEN}}$, SCLK and SDIO. $\overline{\text{SEN}}$ and SCLK are input pins, SDIO are bi-direction pins.

RDA1846S samples command byte and data at posedge of SCLK. The turn around cycle between command byte from MCU and data from RDA1846S is a half cycle. RDA1846S samples command byte at posedge of SCLK, and output data also at posedge of SCLK.

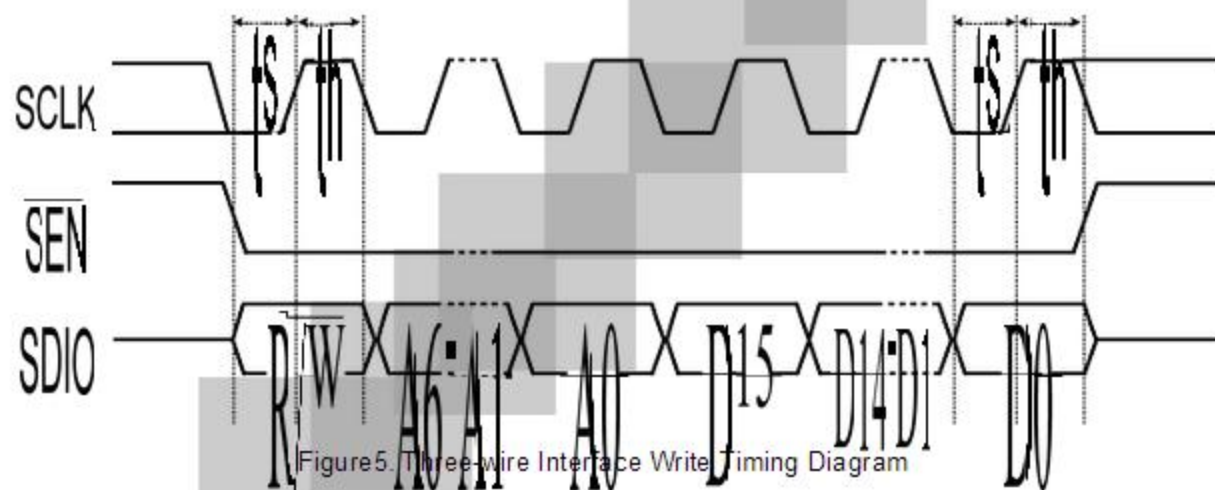


Figure 5. Three-wire Interface Write Timing Diagram

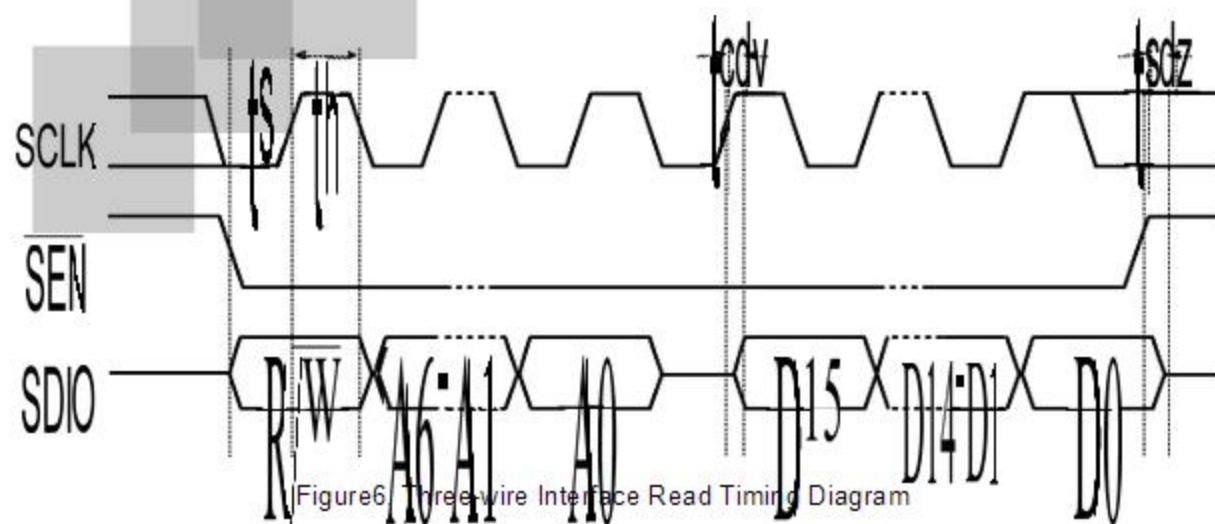


Figure 6. Three-wire Interface Read Timing Diagram

Table 2. Three-wire Timing Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SCLK Cycle Time	t_{CLK}	35				ns
SCLK Rise Time	t_R				50	ns
SCLK Fall Time	t_F				50	ns
SCLK High Time	t_{HI}	10				ns
SCLK Low Time	t_{LO}	10				ns
SDIO Input, \overline{SEN} to SCLK \uparrow Setup	t_s	10		-	-	ns
SDIO Input, to SCLK \uparrow Hold	t_h	10		-	-	ns
SCLK \uparrow to SDIO Output Valid	t_{adv}	Read 2		-	10	ns
$\overline{SEN}\uparrow$ to SDIO Output High Z	t_{sdz}	Read 2		-	10	ns
Digital Input Pin Capacitance					5	pF

Doc. B: Programming guide

1. Setting RF Frequency

Bit	Name	Function
29H[13:0]	freq<29:16>	Freq high value (unit 1kHz/16)
2aH[15:0]	freq<15:0>	Freq low value (unit 1kHz/16)

Default frequency is 409.7500MHz.

Freq<29:0>= Binary (Freq(MHz)*16000)

For example: frequency is 409.75MHz, Freq<29:0>=409.75*16000=6556000=0x640960, so write 29H [15:0] =0x64 and 2aH [15:0] =0x0960.

2. Reference Clock

RDA1846S takes 12.8 MHz, 13MHz, 25.6MHz and 26MHz crystals as its master reference clock.

Bit	Name	Function
30H[14] xtal_mode		1: 26MHz/13MHz 0: 25.6MHz/12.8MHz
04H[0] clk_mode		1: 12.8MHz /13MHz 0: 25.6MHz /26MHz

For example: 12.8MHz crystal

04H[0]= clk_mode =1

30H[14]= clk_mode =0

13MHz crystal

04H[0]= clk_mode =1

30H[14]= clk_mode =1

26MHz crystal

04H[0]= clk_mode =0

30H[14]= clk_mode =1

3. Setting Tx and Rx

Bit	Name	Function
30H[13]	filter_band_sel	Analog filter band select 1 = 25kHz band mode

		0 = 12.5khz band mode
30H 12	band_mode	Dsp band mode select 1 = 25khz band mode 0 = 12.5khz band mode
30H 6 tx_on		1 = on 0 = off
30H 5 rx_on		1 = on 0 = off

4. Deep Sleep

Bit	Name	Function
30H 2	pdn_reg	The same as pdn pin 1 = power_on 0 = power_down

While Normal mode, pdn_reg and PDN pin must be high at the same time. Only one of pdn_reg and PDN pin is low, which can turn into deep sleep.

For example: Sleep programming sequence:

- setting 30H|6:5|=00 : shut down Tx or Rx
- setting PDN pin is Low or 30H|2|=0 : enter into deep sleep state
- delay period of sleep time : in sleep state
- setting PDN pin is High or 30H|2|=1 : exit sleep state
- delay 10ms
- Setting 30H|6|or 30H|5|=1 :open Tx or Rx

5. TX Voice Channel Select

Bit	Name	Function
3aH 14:12	voice_sel<1:0>	000= Tx nothing 001= Tx signal from frequency of tone1 010=Tx signal from frequency of tone2 011= Tx signal from frequency of tone1 and tone2 100= Tx signal from microphone other= reserved

6. TX PA_bias output Voltage

RDA1846S Pa_bias pin output voltage can be controlled by 0aH [5:0].

Bit	Name	Function
0aH [5:0]	pabias_voltage<5:0>	000000: 1.04V 000001:1.05V 000010:1.07V 000100: 1.10V 001000: 1.22V 010000: 1.52V 100000: 2.14V 111111 :3.28V

7. Subaudio

Bit	Name	Function
4aH[15:0]	ctess1_freq<15:0> ctess1	frequency for tx and tx $Ctess1\ freq = ctess_freq(Hz)*100$ Default value is 100Hz It must be set to 134.4Hz when use standard edess mode
4dH[15:0]	ctess2_freq<15:0>	ctess2 frequency for tx and rx $Ctess2\ freq = ctess_freq(Hz)*100$ Default value is 100Hz
4bH[7:0] 4cH[15:0]	4bH[7:0]=edess_code<23:16> 4cH[15:0]=edess_code<15:0>	edess bit for tx and rx When use edess, this register must be set both in rx and tx state For example: When tx or rx Cdess023 4bH=0x0076 and 4cH=0x3813
4cH[15:14]	shift_sel<1:0>	shift phase for tx and rx tail elimination 00=no phase shift, 01=120 degree phase shift, 10=180 degree phase shift, 11=240 degree phase shift.
4cH[10:9]	ctess/edess_sel<1:0>	Select Ctess/Cdess mode for tx 11=ctess with 1846S 10=edess with 1846S 01=ctess/edess from GPIO0

		00= not Tx cless/edess
4eH[8:6]	edess_sel<2:0>	Select edess mode for tx/rx 4eH[8]=1 invert edess =0 not invert edess 4eH[7]=1 should be 1 4eH[6]=1 24bit edess; =0 23bit edess
3aH[5]	cless/edess_out_sel	Select Cless/Cdless mode for rx 1: output cless/edess wave to GPIO0 0: output cless/edess compared result to GPIO0
3aH[4:0]	cless/edess_dten<4:0>	Select Cless/Cdless detect mode for rx 3aH[4]=1 detect phase shift 3aH[3]=1 detect cless2 frequency 3aH[2]=1 detect invert edess 3aH[1]=1 detect normal edess 3aH[0]=1 detect cless1 frequency
5bH[15:8]	cless_threshold_in<7:0>	detect cless1 and cless2 match_threshold
5bH[7:0]	cless_threshold_out<7:0>	detect cless1 and cless2 unmatched_threshold Note: 5bH setting refer to the cless threshold of the 'RDA1846S_register_table'
30H[11]	tail_elim_en	1 = on, enable 1846S tail elimination function 0 = off disable 1846S tail elimination function

8. SQ

Bit	Name	Function
30H[3]	sq_on	1 = on, enable 1846S auto sq function 0 = off
3aH[10:6]	sq_dten<4:0>	sq condition enable 3aH[6]=1 rssi detect enable =0 rssi detect disable 3aH[7]=1 noise detect enable =0 noise detect disable 3aH[8]=1 rssi&noise(block) enable =0 rssi&noise(block) disable 3aH[9]=1 adjacent channel, detect enable =0 adjacent channel, detect disable 3aH[0]=1 fm modu signal detect enable

		=0 fm modu signal detect disable
49H 13:7 th_h_sq<6:0>	Sq open threshlod	Sq detect high th, rssi_cmp will be 1 when rssi>th_h_sq, unit 1dB 49H 13:7 = Binary (137+ Sq open threshlod)
49H 6:0 th_l_sq<6:0>		Sq detect low th, rssi_cmp will be 0 when rssi<th_l_sq && time delay meet, unit 1 dB 49H 6:0 = Binary (137+ Sq shut threshlod)
3aH 11 sq_out_sel		=1 output of gpio6=sq_cmp & sub_audio_cmp; =0 output of gpio6= sq_cmp .

For example: Sq open threshold=-120dBm and Sq shut threshold=-122dBm

So 49H|13:7|= Binary (137+(-120))=0010001,

49H|6:0| = Binary (137+(-122))=0001111,

49H|15:0|=00 0010001 0001111=0x0881'

9. VOX

Bit	Name	Function
30H 4	vox_on	1 = on, enable 1846S Vox detect 0 = off, disable 1846S Vox detect
64H 13:7	th_h_vox<6:0>	Vox open threshold
64H 6:0	th_l_vox<6:0>	Vox Shut threshold Note: 64H setting refer to the vox of the 'RDA1846S _register_table'

10. DTMF

Bit	Name	Function
3aH 14:12	voice_sel<1:0>	011= Tx signal from frequency of tone1 and tone2
79H 15 dtmf_direct		0= dtmf 1= single tone
79H 14 dtmf_tx		0= tx dtmf 1= tx single tone
7aH 15 dtmf_en		1=enable dtmf 0=disable dtmf
7aH 14	single_tone	1=enable single tone 0=disable single tone
7bH 11:6	dtmf_time0<5:0>	Time interval for dtmf idle state Time = dtmf_time0*2.5ms

7bH[5:0]	dtmf_time1<5:0>	Time interval for dual tone transmission Time = dtmf_time1*2.5ms
35H[15:0] tone1_freq<15:0>		=tone1 frequency(Hz)*10
36H[15:0] tone2_freq<15:0>		=tone2 frequency(Hz)*10
7eH[5] dtmf_idle		only for tx 1= dtmf code request for tx 0= dtmf code idle
7eH [4]	dtmf_sample	only for Rx 1= dtmf code ready for read 0= dtmf code not ready for read
67H[15:0] dtmf_c0<15:0>		697Hz =0x0628 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0628 13MHz and 26MHz
68H[15:0] dtmf_c1<15:0>		770Hz =0x059F 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x05e5 13M and 26MHz
69H[15:0] dtmf_c2<15:0>		852 Hz =0x0555 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0555 13MHz and 26MHz
6aH[15:0]	dtmf_c3 <15:0>	941 Hz = 0x04B8 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz = 0x04B8 13MHz and 26MHz
6bH[15:0]	dtmf_c4 <15:0>	1209 Hz =0x029F 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x02FE 13MHz and 26MHz
6cH[15:0] dtmf_c5<15:0>		1336 Hz =0x01DD 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x01DD 13MHz and 26MHz
6dH[15:0] dtmf_c6<15:0>		1477 Hz =0x00B1 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x00B1 13MHz and 26MHz
6eH[15:0] dtmf_c7<11:0>		1633 Hz =0x0F81 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0F81 13MHz and 26MHz
6fH[15:0] dtmf_c0_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x017A 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x017A 13MHz and 26MHz
70H[15:0] dtmf_c1_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x004C 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x004C 13MHz and 26MHz
71H[15:0] dtmf_c2_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x0EB8 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0F1C 13MHz and 26MHz
72H[15:0] dtmf_c3_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x0D91 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz

		=0x0D91 13MHz and 26MHz																														
73H[15:0] dtmf_c4_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x09F9 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0A3E 13MHz and 26MHz																														
74H[15:0] dtmf_c5_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x08DE 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x090E 13MHz and 26MHz																														
75H[15:0] dtmf_c6_2nd_harm<15:0>		=0x081F 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0833 13MHz and 26MHz																														
76H[15:0]	dtmf_c7_2nd_harm<15:0>	=0x0810 12.8MHz and 25.6MHz =0x0806 13MHz and 26MHz																														
7eH [3:0]	dtmf_code<3:0>	Dtmf code out Usually, F0~F7 is selected as 697, 770, 852, 941, 1209, 1336, 1477, 1633 Hz (default)																														
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>F4</th> <th>F5</th> <th>F6</th> <th>F7</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>F0 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F1 4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F2 7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>9</td> <td>C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F3 E(*)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>F(#)</td> <td>D</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		F4	F5	F6	F7		F0 1			2	3	A	F1 4			5	6	B	F2 7			8	9	C	F3 E(*)			0	F(#)	D
	F4	F5	F6	F7																												
F0 1			2	3	A																											
F1 4			5	6	B																											
F2 7			8	9	C																											
F3 E(*)			0	F(#)	D																											

Note:
DTMF setting refer to the DTMF of the 'RDA1846S _register_table'

Run the code in Matlab for calculate dtmf_code:

Coef means dtmf_coef_0~7

Coef 2means dtmf_coef_0~7_2nd_harm

close all

clear all

% Frequency tones of the telephone pad (Hz)

f = [697 770 852 941 1209 1336 1477 1633]

Fs = 6.4e6/1024 % 12.8M and 25.6M crystal or Fs = 6.5e6/1024 % 123M and 26M crystal

N = 127;

LEN = 10;

k = floor(f/Fs*N+0.5); % Indices of the DFT

coef = round(2*cos(2*pi*k/N)*2^LEN)/2^LEN;

disp('COEF');

coef*2^LEN

dec2bin(coef*2^LEN,12)

% 2nd harmonious

k2 = floor(2*f/Fs*N+0.5); % Indices of the DFT

```
coef2 = round(2*cos(2*pi*k2/N)*2^LEN)/2^LEN;
disp('COEF_2nd_harm');
coef2*2^LEN
```

11. Tx FM Deviation

Bit	Name	Function
0aH[10:6]	pga_gain<4:0>	Voice analog gain.
41H[6:0]	voice_gain_tx<6:0>	Voice digital gain.
44H[11:8]	gain_tx<3:0>	Voice digital gain after tx ADC down sample
59H [15:6]	xmitter_dev<9:0>	Ctcss/edcss + voice dev setting
59H [5:0]	c_dev<5:0>	Ctcss/edcss dev setting

Adjusting 59H [15:6] (xmitter_dev) can change Tx FM deviation of voice and subaudio.

Adjusting 59H [5:0] (c_dev) can only change Tx FM deviation of CTCSS and CDCSS.

Note:

Please refer to the deviation of the 'RDA1846S_register_table'

12. Rx Voice Volume

Bit	Name	Function
44H[7:4]	dac_vgain_<3:0>	Analog DAC gain
44H[3:0]	volume<3:0>	Digital Voice gain

Adjusting 44H [3:0] and 44H [7:4] can change Rx voice range.

Please refer to volume of 'RDA1846S_register_table'.

13. TX and RX code

14. GPIO

Register 1fh.

Bit	Name	Function
15:14 gpio7<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 = vox 10 = low 11 = high
13:12 gpio6<1:0>		00 =hi-z

		01 = sq, sq&ctcss/ctdss,when sq_out_sel=1 10 = low 11 = high
11:10 gpio5<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 = txon_rf 10 = low 11 = high
9:8 gpio4<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 = rxon_rf 10 = low 11 = high
7:6 gpio3<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 =dtmf_flag/code_flag 10 = low 11 = high
5:4 gpio2<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 = int 10 = low 11 = high
3:2 gpio1<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 = code_out/code_in 10 = low 11 = high
1:0 gpio0<1:0>		00 =hi-z 01 = css_out/css_in/css_cmp 10 = low 11 = high

15. INT

Register 2dh.

16' b0000_0000_0000_0000

Bit	Name	Function
15:12 others <3:0>		000000
11	code_flag_int	1=enable 0=disable
10	other	0
9	sub_audio_compared_flag_int	1=enable 0=disable

8 rxon_rf_int	1=enable 0=disable
7 txon_rf_int	1=enable 0=disable
6 dtmf_idle_int	1=enable 0=disable
5:3 others	000
2 sq_flag_int	1=enable 0=disable
1 other	0
0 vox_int	1=enable 0=disable

Note

Only one INT mode can be chosen at one time.

16. Filter

Register 58h.

Bit	Name	Function
15:14 others		10
13 rssi_lpfil_bw		1=bypass 0=normal
12 vox_lowpass_filter_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
11 vox_highpass_filter_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
10:8 others		100
7 pre/de-emph_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
6 voice_highpass_filter_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
5 voice_lowpass_filter_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
4 ctess_lowpass_filter_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
3 ctess_highpass_filter_bypass		1=bypass 0=normal
2:1 others		10
0 ctess_lpfil_bw		1=250Hz BW 0=110Hz BW

17. Only read register

Bit	Name	Function
1bH[15:8]	rss_i_db<7:0 >	Received RF signal strength ,unit 1dB
1bH[7:0]	noise_db<7:0 >	Received noise signal strength ,unit 1dB
1aH[15:8]	vox_db<7:0 >	Tx path digital signal strength, unit 0.5dB
1aH[7:0]	mic_db<7:0 >	Mic signal strength, unit 0.5dB

18. Flag

Register 1ch.

Bit	Name	Function
15:10 Others		00000
9	ctess1_omp	ctess1 compared result.
8	ctess2_omp	ctess2 compared result.
7	edess1_omp	edess positive code compared result
6	edess2_omp	edess negative code compared result.
5	invert_det	Ctess phase shift result
4:3	ctess_shift<1:0 >	00=0 degree phase shift, 01=120 degree phase shift 10=180 degree phase shift 11=240 degree phase shift
2	ctess/edess_omp	ctess/edess compared result
1	vox_omp	vox compared result.
0	sq_omp	Sq compare result.

19. PLL Lock Detection

Bit	Name	Function
24H[15]	pll_lock_det_sel	1=disable pll lock detection function If PLL unlock, RDA146S will not shutdown RF signal. 0=enable pll lock detection function. If PLL unlock, RDA146S will shutdown RF signal
24H[14:13]	reset_pll_lock_delay<1:0 >	00=10us 01=20us

		10=30us 11=40us
0dH 15	pll_lock_det_flag	Read only 0=PLL unlock 1=PLL lock

20. LDO

Bit	Name	Function
08H 14	ldo_master_bypass	1=bypass all LDOs inside RDA1846S. Note: Setting RDA1846S in VHF band , 08H 14 must be 0. 0=normal
09H 9:7	ldo_dig_vbit<2:0>	If 08H 14 =0, control LDO Vout for digital. When supply voltage for RDA1846S is 3.30V 100=2.20V 101=2.40V 110=2.80V 111=3.30V

21. Initial process

Refer to the 'RDA1846S _register_table'

22. Register introduction

Register 00h. default value=0x1846

Bit	Name	Function
15:0	Chip_ID<15:0>	Chip ID

Register 01h. default value=0x0031'

Bit	Name	Function
15:0	mr_id<15:0>	Metal revision ID

Register 30h. default value=0x0000

Bit	Name	Function
15	other	

14	xtal_mode	1: 26MHz/13MHz 0: 25.6MHz/12.8MHz
13	filter_band_sel	Analog filter band select 1 = 25khz band mode 0 = 12.5khz band mode
12	band_mode_sel	Dsp band mode select 1 = 25khz band mode 0 = 12.5khz band mode
11	tail_elim_en	1 = on, enable 1846S tail elimination function 0 = off disable 1846S tail elimination function
10	direct_reg	1=enable direct_reg 0=disable direct_reg
9:8	others	
7	mute	1 = mute when rxno 0 = no mute
6	tx_on	1 = on 0 = off
5	rx_on	1 = on 0 = off
4	vox_on	1 = on, enable 1846S Vox detect 0 = off, disable 1846S Vox detect
3	sq_on	1 = on, then chip auto sq 0 = off
2	pdn_reg	The same as pdn pin 1 = enable 0 = disable
1	chip_cal_en	1 = cal enable 0 = cal disable
0	soft_reset	1 = reset, then all the registers are reset to default value 0 = normal

Register 03h. default value=0x2B51

Bit	Name	Function
15:14	others	
12	tx_ade_reset_dr	1=enable direct reg 0=disable direct reg
11	tx_ade_reset_reg	1=enable reset ade 0=disable reset ade
10:9	others	

Register 04h. default value=0x0FD1

Bit	Name	Function
15:1 others		
0 clk_mode		1: 12.8MHz /13MHz 0: 25.6MHz /26MHz

Register 08h. default value=0x02A0

Bit	Name	Function
15 other		
14	ldo_master_bypass	1=bypass all LDOs inside RDA1846S. Note: Setting RDA1846S in VHF band , 08H[14] must be 0. 0=normal
13:0 others		

Register 09h. default value=0x03C2

Bit	Name	Function
15:10 others		
9:7 ldo_dig_vbit<2:0>		If 08H[14]=0, control LDO Vout for digital.
6:0 others		

Register 0ah. default value=0x7C20

Bit	Name	Function
15 other		
14:11	padrv_ubit<3:0>	output of RF power control
10:6	pga_gain<4:0>	voice analog gain.
5:0	pabias_voltage<5:0>	pabias_pin output voltage control

Register 15h. default value=0x1100

Bit	Name	Function
15:13 others		
12:9	tuning_bit<3:0>	Tuning IF filter center frequency and bw
8:0 others		

Register 24h. default value=0x0001

Bit	Name	Function
15	pll_lock_det_sel	1: bypass pll lock det function
14:13	reset_pll_lock_delay<1:0>	
12:8 others		
7	dsp_resetrn_dr	1=enable direct reg 0=disable direct reg
6	dsp_resetrn_reg	1=enable reset dsp 0=disable reset dsp
5:0 others		

Register 29h. default value=0x2486

Bit	Name	Function
15:14 others		
13:0	freq<29:16>	f'freq high value (unit 1khz/16)

Register 2ah. default value=0x 3A84

Bit	Name	Function
15:0	freq<15:0>	f'freq low value (unit 1khz/16)

Register 32h. default value=0x 7497

Bit	Name	Function
15:12 others		
11:6	age_target_pwr[5:0]	AGC target power, unit 2dB
5:0 others		

Register 3ah. default value=0x40C3

Bit	Name	Function
15	code_out_sel	1: output code sample signal via GPIO3 0: output dtmf_sample/dtmf_idle signal via GPIO3
14:12 voice_sel<1:0>		voice path select
11	sq_out_sel	=1 output of gpio6=sq_cmp & sub_audio_cmp; =0 output of gpio6= sq_cmp .
10:6	sq_dten<4:0>	sq condition enable
5	ctess/edess_out_sel	Select Ctess/Cdless mode for rx
4:0	ctess/edess_dten<4:0>	Select Ctess/Cdless detect mode for rx

Register 41h. default value=0x4006

Bit	Name	Function
15:7 others		
6:0 voice_gain_tx<6:0>		Voice digital gain.

Register 44h. default value=0x0017

Bit	Name	Function
15:12 others		
11:8	gain_tx<3:0>	Voice digital gain after tx ADC down sample
7:4 dac_vgain_<3:0>		Analog DAC gain
3:0 volume<3:0>		Digital Voice gain

Register 4eh. default value=0x20C2

Bit	Name	Function
15:14 shift_sel<1:0>		shift phase for tx and rx tail elimination
13:11 others		
10:9	ctess/edess_sel<1:0>	Select Ctess/Cdless mode for tx
8:6	edess_sel<2:0>	Select edess mode for tx
5:0 others		

Change List

Rev	Date	Author	Change Description
0.1	2010-8-22	Liu Ge	Original draft
0.2	2010-10-8	Liu Ge	Modify 0x4E

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